GENERAL HUSTED BURIED.

SIMPLE FUNERAL SERVICES AT HIS HOME.

A LARGE ATTENDANCE OF PROMINENT MEN-PEERSKILL DRAPED IN HONOR

OF HIS MEMORY.

Leading men of both the great political parties went to Peckskill yesterday afternoon to attend the funeral of General James W. Husted, whose death on Sunday last was a shock to thousands of men who have known him for the last thirty years. It is probable that there never will be again together the same peculiar mixture of men on any occasion. Paltrond official of prominence, business men, professional men, and trians who are known at least throughout the ength of this State, were there to pay their respect to the memory of the man whom they had known either as a political foe, a business associate, a personal or political friend. The funeral services were of the simplest character. They were held in General Husted's home, which overlooks one of the most beau tiful spots along the Hudson River. Peekskill was in deep mourning. Business was suspended at an early ur, flags were at half-mast, bells were tolled, pictures of the dead man, draped with mourning symbols, were in the shop windows, and nearly every one in the town ent to the house to unite with the mourners from all over the State in paying their last respects to him. The funeral services began immediately after the arrival of the special train from this city, which carried several hundred men who bore his friendship. Before the services began, however, the coffin in which the ex-Speaker of the Assembly lay was opened, and for several hours a constant stream of people passed by it.

One of the most pathetic of all of the scenes in connection with General Husted's death was the exhibition of grief and devotion of the General's old He is a colored man who has trav elled and lived with General Husted for years. He knows by name and is known by every Republican politician in this State. "Sam" hardly left the General's side from the moment that he was taken ill at Minneapolis all through his sickness, and since the death the old man has not allowed any one to come near his master except those who had to do so. Yes terday he stood beside the coffin, a mere shadow of what he was a few days ago, and he refused to leave long as he could see the General's face.

The Rev. William Fisher Lewis, rector of St. Peter's Projestant Episcopal Charch, of which General Husted was a member, and the Rev. Dr. Alfred Luqueer, a life-long friend, conducted the services. The Menssohn Quartet sang "Nearer My God to Thee," and "Rock of Ages," and chanted the well-known Episcopal burial chant. Dr. Luqueer made a few brief remarks after the burial service had been read. He said that he could not speak of General Husted except as a He knew him to be a genial, life-long friend. He knew him to be a genial, warm bearted mun, who loved and was loved by his family There were others present who were more competent speak of his political and public career,

The honorary pallbearers were Chauncey M. Depew, resident: J. M. Toucey, superintendent, and H. Waller Webb, third vice-president of the New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad; John W. Vrooman, past grand master of the Masonic fraternity; ex-Railroad Commissioner Isane V. Baker; John B. Dutcher, Henry Archer, of Yonkers; ex-Judge William H. Robertson, Charles Raymond, of the Mutual Life Insurance Company; John B. Westbrook, of Peekskill, and ex-Judge Henry E. Howland. The actual pallbearers were C. H. Mason, John Shea, William Boyce, D. M. Bryan, Natheniel D. Bradley and William Poynter, employes of the Peekskill Stove Works, of which Gen eral Husted was president. Among those present, including the family, were the following: Mrs. James W. Husted, Mr. and Mrs John M. Shedd, Miss Helen Husted, Miss Harriet Husted, Colonel Thomas D. Husted and James W. Husted, jr.

From the Mutual Life Insurance Company were Robert A. Granniss, vice-president; Samuel D. Bab-cock, Isaac F. Lioyd, Julien T. Davies, Dr. G. S. Winston, Horace P. Halden, A. C. Field, Robert Sewall, Henry W. Smith, Charles H. Raymond, William G. Davies and Charles P. Henderson, From the New-York Central Railroad were Cornelius

Vanderbilt, Theodore Voorhees, general superintendent; Prank Loemis, general counsel; M. Tears, assistant general counsel; William Buchanan, superintendent of notive power; H. C. Du Val, private secretary to Chauncey M. Depew; Arthur Leonard, private secretary to H. Walter Webb; Superintendent F. A. Harrington, of the Mohawk Division; Superintendent McCoy, of the Hudson River Division, and Superintendent J. H. Phyle, of the Harlem Division; J. B. Layng, general

and the superintendent J. J. Parkers Mixing. J. B. Laying, general superintendent of the West Shore Rallaread, were the other rainful the city.

The others of corner B. Brank the Percentage of the West Shore Rallaread, were the other rainful the city. The others of corner B. Brank the Percentage of the West Shore Rallaread, were the other rainful the city. The others of corner B. Brank the Percentage of the Corner of Sarthogs; exceeding the state of the West Shore Rallaread, which the the mountain of August Iswael deed you controlled the co Albanys, B. B. O'Dell, of NewBorg, Assemblyman Ryan, of Westchester County: N. J. Newliter, ex-United States Consul to Japan; William Allen Butler, jr., of Yonkers; State Senator Smith, of Herkimer County; ex-Assemblyman George H. Green, of Orange County; Assemblyman Jacob Rice, of Ulster County; Charles W. Hackett, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Republican State Committee; Thomas C. Acton, ex-Assemblyman Blumenthal, of New-York; ex-Assemblyman Sanuel Conover, of Westchester County; Mayor Meller, of Yonkers; Michael J. Dady, of Brooklyn; ex-Assemblyman Bradford Rhodes, of Westchester County; James F. Pierce, State Superintendent of Insurance; Colonel John S. Kenyon, secretary of the Republican State Committee; Assemblyman John Connolly, of New-York; ex-Senator James W. Birkett, of Brooklyn; State Senator Henry J. Cogesball, of Oneida County; State Senator George P. McCelland, of Westchester County; State Senator Prederick S. Gibbs, Colonel E. A. McAlpin, State Senator Charles, Myor D. C. Roblisson, of Eluira; Congressiman John B. S. Beater, G. S. Senator Senator George P. McCelland, of Westchester County; State Senator Jacob A. Cantor, of New-York; William J. Ellis, assistant clerk of the Assembly; ex-State Senator George H. Slogn, of Oswego; W. J. Graney, of Dobbs Ferry; Joseph H. Barrett, State Senator Aspinall, of Brooklyn; ex-Quarantine Commissioner John A. Nichols, of Brooklyn; State Senator George F. Rosch, ex-Assemblyman Richard J. Lewis, of New-York; Henry Lewis Commissioner Hans S. Beattle, of New-York; ex-State Senator George Z. Erwin, of Poesdam; Assemblyman Israel, James L. Wells, of New-York; Seriff Gorman, of New-York; Assemblyman George P. Webster, Collector Hendricks, Deputy Collector J. J. Couch, Edward A. Horton, Major Swan In

ST. ANDREW'S BROTHERHOOD IN SESSION. Boston, Sept. 29.—The opening religious exercises o the seventh annual convention of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew of the Episcopal Church were held this morning in Emmanuel Church, and were conducted by the Rev. Leighton Parks, rector, and the Rev. Willan Jones, assistant rector of the church. The attendance was large, nearly every seat being occupied by the brotherhood. Bishop Huntington delivered the opening address, in which he outlined the history, aims and bjects of the brotherhood. Some 600 delegates at ended the business session in Y. M. C. A. Hall. J. Perry Warden, a representative from Scotland, was called to the platform to speak for that country. He briefly told of the work that has been accomplished across the water and the great good that has resulted

The chairman discovered Bishop Brooks in the au dience and invited him to address the meeting, which he did in a brief but earnest speech. He extended to the delegates a cordial welcome to the city and church.

Continuing, he said: "If you find anything in the character of this old city, so long devoted to the wor-ship of God; if you can find anything here that will ship of God; if you can find anything here that will give a spiritual convention, we shall be sincerely thankful. We are thankful for what you bring to us; not merely the intention put the necessary consequence of a nobler life. I bid you a cordial welcome with all my heart, and with all my heart I implore God's blessing on your gathering." Bishop Brooks received a most enthusiastic greeting and his remarks were loudly applauded.

The chairman, on motion, then appointed committees on credentials and permanent organization.

William C. Sturgis, Christ Church, New-Haven, was elected president.

RIOT AMONG BUFFALO LUMBER SHOVERS. Buffalo, Sept. 20 (Special).—The long-standing couble between the union lumber-shovers and the noninion men broke out afresh this morning in a riot. unload a barge at Stewart Brothers dock, at the foot of Genesee-st., when some forty union men appeared and ordered them to quit. They refused and in a minute half a dozen men pounced on the foreman, Charles Wilkes, and tried to throw him into the river. He drew a revolver and was about to shoot President McGovern, of the Lumber-shovers' Union,

who was one of his assailants, when the weapon was snatched away and Wilkes was knocked down with a brick. A general engagement followed, and the union men, being armed with clubs and stones, were getting the better of 1, when a single policeman with a revolver appeared in the scene. He fired into the crowd two or three times without hurting anybody, and then the rio'ers scattered. One non-union man, George Schroeder, was found to have been stabled in the neck. A Pole was stabled in the breast and several other men badly bruised and cut. After a protracted search, President McGovern and George Crowley, another of the union's officers, were found and arrested.

A NEEDLESS EMBARGO.

CENTRAL AMERICAN QUARANTINE AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.

VEXATIOUS AUTION TAKEN THROUGH UNREASON-

ING FEAR OF CHOLERA. Washington, Sept. 29.-Mr. Guzman, the Minister of given the widest possible publication in order that shippers and owners of seagoing vessels may be informed of its action, and trouble, such as occurred between the Government of Colombia and the Pacific Mail Steamship Company at Colon, be avoided. ister Guzman said that he was unable to say for what length of time the ports of his country would remain closed. He thought that the order would not remain

but what in that case was a rigorous, but still as during the year which ends to-day." limited, quarantine, has been exaggerated by our Central American neighbors into an absolute termination of all intercourse with the United States. are regarded in official circles here as an unwarrantable exercise of authority that might injuriously affect
for deacon's and priest's order, and that six persons
the comity that has so long existed. The Departwere candidates for deacon's orders only. There the comity that has so long existed. The Department of State, however, is not disposed to act arregantly toward our smaller southern neighbor in been ordained to the deaconate, and thirteen to the the matter, but is rather disposed to adopt methods priesthood. Nine churches and buildings had been based on persuasion and reason to secure its object. States steamship Concord, which arrived at Colon yesterday, was not ordered there with the purpose of terday, was not ordered there with the purpose of compelling the local authorities to admit to that port the Pacific Mail steamship Colombia, which now lies off the entrance. The real purpose of the Concord's movement is to convey the Consul-General of the United States and the Commissioners from the local Government of Panama to Carthagena, where the President of Colombia resides, and endeavor to arrange with him some terms of settlement of the quarantine question. The contents of the telegrams received from the representatives of the Pacific Mail steamship Company have been communicated to our Consul General at Colon, and he is to possession of all the information necessary for his guidance.

THE HEALTH BOARD'S USUAL BULLETIN. TWO GASES REING INVESTIGATED WHICH ARE NOT BEIAEVED TO BE CHOLERA.

A report that James Miller, a dealer it, potatoes at the Gansevoort Market, had died in his home, at No. 255 West Twenty-ninth-st., from a diarrhoeal complaint resembling cholera was sent to the Bureau of Contagious Diseases before noon yesterday. Chief Inspector Roberts had the body of Miller removed to the disinfecting station in East Sixteenth-st. Dr. Herman M. was neked to make an autopsy and a biological examination, to ascertain if Miller died of cholera. The house in Twenty-ninth-st, was guarded by medical inspectors later. At the office of the Health Board it was said that the precautions were like those taken in every suspicious case, but it was not believed that chol-era had caused Miller's death. A more suspicious case was said to be that of Benjamin Blader, a homeless and friendless Russian Hebrew, who was found suffering from cramps on the sidewalk in front of No. 210 Madison-st. on Wednesday evening and was rer sved to the Souverneur Hespital. He was sent to the Reception Hospital yesterday. Dr. Leater said that Blader appeared to be suffering only from diarrhoea, but Dr. liggs will make the usual examination. The Health Board's bulletn yesterday declared that no cases of cholera had appeared in the city.

Everything was quiet at Quarantine yesterday. No new cases were reported on the steamship Bohemia, which is now the only vessel anchored at Lower Quarantine. The detachment of police, consisting of eight patrolmen and two sergeants from the Thirty-sixth Precinct, this city, who have been on patrol duty is Lower Quarantine during the cholera scare of twenty-five days, were released from duty yesterday and came up to the city last evening, there being no further use for their services. The steamship Scandia sailed last night for Baltimore, where she will discharge her cargo. She has been thoroughly fumigated and disinfected, and was given a clean bill of health. The steamships Slavonia, from stettin, and Dania, from Hamburg, are detained for fumigation. The Saale, from Bremen, and Noordland, from Antwerp, which arrived on Wednesday, were released yesterday afternoon and came up to their docks. The Gailla, from Liverpool, De Ruiter, from Antwerp, and France, from London, were re-

leased after being fumigated.

The steamship Hermann, with nearly 1,000 im-The steamship Hermann, with nearly 1,000 Immigrants on board, is still in quarantine, awaiting release from the Secretary of the Treasury. The Indiana, from Liverpool, with immigrants, is also in quarantine. The last lot of steerage passengers from the Scandia were removed from Hofman Island yesterday and taken to Eliis Island. To-day the Bohemia's passengers will be transferred to Hofman Island

SONS OF TEMPERANCE IN SESSION,

A BUSINESS MEETING IN THE DAY TIME AND A RECEPTION AT NIGHT.

The sessions of the National Division of the of Temperance were continued yesterday in the concert hall of the Metropolitan Opera House. At the morning session D. S. Dennison, who presided, introduced the Rev. Dr Cuyler, who spoke on temperance. After a short address by the presiding officer the following papers were read: "The Founders of the rollowing papers were read. "The Founders of the Order," General S. F. Cary, of Ohio; "The Work of the Order Among the Young," F. M. Bradley, of the District of Columbia; "The Sons of Temperance—the Pioneer Advocates of Constitutional Probabilion," W. H. Armstrong, of New-York; "The Principles and Work of the Order of the Sons of Temperance," Benjamin R. Jewell.

Work of the Order of the Sons of Temperance," Benjamin R. Jewell.

In the evening a jubilee meeting was held in the Carnegie Music Hall under the auspices of the Grand Division of Eastern New-York. The representatives of the National Division attended as the guests of the National Division attended as the guests of the New-York Division. After the Silver Lake Quartet had sung and prayer had been offered by the Rev. C. H. Rosworth, the presiding officer, J. N. Stearns, introduced the Rev. Stephen Merritt, who made an address welcoming the National Division. Most Worthy Putriarch Edward Crummey responded for the National Division, after which the Rev. Dr. Theodore L. Cuyler made an eloquent speech on temperance and the work of the organization. He was followed by John W. Oliver, one of the original charter members of the organization. George Mc-Kibbin, another charter member, was present. General Louis Wagner, of Philadelphia; Benjamin Jewell. Edward Carswell, of Canada, and General S. F. Cary, of Ohio, also made addresses, which were enthusiastically received by the large audience. Representatives from fourteen sections of the Cadets of Temperance, about 350 in all, were present.

GALLANT THOOP " A" IS GOING TO CHICAGO.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of Troop A was seld last night at its ermory. It was decided that the held lest night at its ermory. It was decided that the troop should go to Chicago as an escort to Governor Flower, to be present at the World's Fair dedication ceremonies. The gallent men of the troop will take ceremonies. The gament men will start on a special train from this city on October 17 and return on the 25th. The official orders for the expedition will be keued in a few days.

BISHOP POTTER'S ADDRESS.

PLAIN WORDS TO THE CONVENTION.

HE REBUKES THE CLERGYMEN WHO TAKE LIBERTIES WITH THE RITUAL-THE

There were no honeyed phrases in Bishop Potter's annual address yesterday to the Convention of the Diocese of New-York, which finished its session in the Church of the Hely Trinity, Forty-second-st, and Madison ave. The tendency of certain clersymen to take liberties with the ritual of the Protestant Episcopal Church was sternly rebuked, and the members libres are heartily tired of the fight, but none of them of the convention were urged to be more careful in is willing to be the first to surrender. To show that the performance of their duties, especially in recom-mending candidates for the ministry without a victous clash at the rates, and left them \$10 lower thorough investigation.

Nicaragua to the United States, this morning received a cable message from his Government, saying: "The ports of Nicaragua are closed on account of the feared Invested Townsend Churton, Lard Elshop Up to the present the Illinois Central has taken no of the feared Invested Churton, Lard Elshop Up to the present the Illinois Central has taken no of the feared Invested Churton, Lard Elshop Up to the present the Illinois Central has taken no of the feared invasion of cholera." The Government of Nassan, Canon Churton, of King's College, Came part in the of Nicaragua desires that this information shall be bridge, England, and Bishop Spelding, of Colorado, late t cut were presented to the convention and made brief speeches. Bishop Potter then made one of the most vigorous and pointed addresses ever spoken to the ever, is the Chicago and Eastern Illinois. It has a ever, is the Chicago and Eastern Illinois. It has a

"as of every individual soul, two histories, only one of which can be recorded here. We are not called in effect a great while.

The embargo placed upon American commerce by the action of some Central American countries is a matter of deep concern to the State Department.

Aside from the actual loss to our merchants the interruption to the mails is a source of vexation. An unreasoning dread of the introduction of choicer as well as the stand between the company of its material progress, and we cannot gather unreasoning dread of the introduction of choicer has been a remarkable year in the distory of its material progress, and we cannot gather unreasoning dread of the introduction of choicer has been a remarkable year in the distory of its material progress, and we cannot gather the loss of revenue than any of them. Apparently no real efforts are being male to bring about a settlement of the difficulty. It is better days well as of souls, any attitude of that sort must be only a stilly affectation. The past year has been a remarkable year in the distory of its material progress, and we cannot gather the loss of revenue than any of them. Apparently no real efforts are being male to bring about a settlement of the difficulty. It is believed that a single conference would result in an immediate restoration of peace. The trofible seems to be a superior day of them. Apparently no real efforts are being male to bring about a settlement of the difficulty. It is believed that a single conference would result in an immediate restoration of peace. The trofible seems to be provided that a single conference would result in an immediate restoration of peace. The trofible seems to be provided that a single conference would result in an immediate restoration of peace. The trofible seems to be provided that a single conference would result in an immediate restoration of peace. The trofible seems to be provided that a single conference would result in an immediate restoration of peace. The trofible seems to be provided that a single conference would result in an immediate restoration of peace. The trofible seems to be peaced that unreasoning dread of the introduction of choicra has led to the issue of these troublesome decrees by the Governments of the South. Some justification may be those years, or indeed, in any five of them, added found in the conduct of our own officials at New-York. to its catalogue so many and such worthy buildings

He then gve a statement of the work of the diocese. The number of persons confirmed was 4,209. He were candidates for deacon's orders only. There were twenty-seven postulants; stateen candidates had ased on persuasion and reason to secure its object. consecrated and dedicated, and four cornerstones had see the statement is authorized that the United been laid. The number of lay-readers commissioned was 105. One priest had been deposed from the Presbytery.

"In submitting to you the list of candidates for

holy orders," continued the Bishop. "I have asked your especial attention to the conditions under which persons are admitted to such standing in the dioceso, and I must again invoke your careful and Impurial vigilance. Is it necessary for me to say that to become a condidate for holy orders is, taken by itself, no evidence of a worthiness to be admitted to such a standing? Is it necessary for me to remind intelligent men, whether of the clergy or laty, that they cannot read their correspondence or go about painfully reminded of the large and steadily increasing class of persons in holy orders who have, only too plainly gravely misapprehended both the nature of ministerial qualifications, as this church insists upon, or the conditions under which, ordinarily, the ministry is to be exercised in these United States? Is it necessary that I should further remind those to whom I speak that if a man is a fool or a knave, the gift of holy orders will work no such miracle upon him as will make him a scholar or a saint. There is, it must be owned, a good deal of unreality in many of the arguments which excuse the admission of incompetent men into Holy Orders,on the ground of the sacrifices and self-denials to which they pledge themselves. Those who compare it with other callings deny that the ministry is any longer, as a rufe, a calling of exceptional hardship and self-de There is absolutely no other whose material rewards, they tell us are, on the whole, so considerable, so early, and, as a rule, so constant. There are doubt-less men in the ministry whose earnings would be greater in other callings, but they are not many, and over against such a fact is to be set the more or less adequate provision for old age, which in a great many

by the General Convention, nor to take advantage of an approaching meeting of that body to create a sentiment for or against particular measures; but as within a week another convention will be assembled,

erent uniformity.

"I am very sure that you will not deny to me cooperation, and I am no less persuaded that you will spare me the painful necessity of taking such action in case of the persistent disregard of the Church's law as my office make obligatory.

"During the last nine years I have not in any single instance referred to the matter of the cathedral, and this silence I now break for the first time. For the costly but noble site satisfactory provision has been so far advanced that a united effect ought to complete it. We shall then be in a position to lay the cornerstone. I cheerfully recognize the fact that as between parochial enterprises and those outside of them, the latter must take second place. But I hope that you will be willing to give to the cathedral at least that second place, and to help me in securing it."

Bishop Potter then spoke of the minor affairs of the diocese requiring the attention of the convention. At the afternoon session a resolution was introduced providing for an effort to have the civil courts issue marriage licenses, without which no minister would be anthorized to perform the marriage erem-my. It was carried over until the next meeting of the convention. The convention appropriated \$17,000 to meet the expenses of home mission work outside of New York City. The shortage in the episcopal fund was made up by an assessment.

The delegates chosen to represent the diocese at the Federate Council were the Rev. Drs. Eackor, Theodore A. Eaton, Thomas Gallaudet, James Mulchahev, Arthur Brooks, William J. Seabury, F. B. Van Kleeck and Charles P. Canedy; lay delegates—Delano C. Calvin, J. M. Miller, Thomas Egleston, Henry Lewis Morris, Irving Grinnell, Winthrop Sargent, John A. Beall and Douglas Merritt. The following committee was appointed Diocesan Standing Committee—The Rev. Dr. Morgan Dix, the Rev. Dr. William J. Seabury, the Rev. Dr. Howest of manavers for missions was elected: The Rev. Drs. T. Morgan Dix, the Rev. Dr. William J. Seabury, the Rev. Dr. H. Y. Satierlee; the lay mem

MANY YOUNG MEN AIDED

The Young Men's Christian Association is constantly broadening and extending the advatages which it of fords to the young men of this and other cities. The building, which for a quarter of a century has stood at Twenty-third-st. and Fourth-ave., has been, and is now being, the scene of a work that helps to give a stronger hold upon life to thousands of young men. Among the many advantages which are enjoyed by its members are the gymnasium, baths, bowling, athletics, concerts, lectures, social incidents, games, a library of 40,000 volumes, a reading room with 600 periodicals and papers, classes in music, drawing, languages, penmanship, bookkeeping, phonography, etc. An employment bureau for young men, and a directory of selected boarding-houses and furnished orrectory or selected coarding-houses and furnished rooms are open to the young men free of charge. Social religious meetings and Hible classes furnish op-portunities for religious profit. A finely illustrated prospectus giving full particulars is mailed to young men free on application or may be had at the rooms of the association, No. 52 East Twenty-third-st.

MR. FOSTER GOING BACK TO WASHINGTON.

Charles Foster, the Secretary of the Treasury, will rearm to Washington this merning. It was thought that e might go up the State to make a few speeches before e went back to his desk, but he decided that he would not do so. The Secretary spent some time yesterday in consultation with various members of the National Com-mittee, and he last night expressed frimself as being entirely sotisfied with the political outlook

The party of engineers which left Jersey City on Wednes- GEO. C. FLINT CO. York on the 6:25 train last evering. The dinner was tendered to John Fritz for his untiring energy in building up the huge works of the company, and upon the comple-tion of his seventieth year. Mr. Fritz has now retired from active life. The reception took place in the hand-

somely decorated Fountain Hill Opera House at Bethle hem, on Weinessiay evening, and the guests included many prominent men in engineering science. Thomas A. Edi

A mock trial, in which Mr. Pritz was accused of many things to its credit, contributed much to the enjoyment of the party, and the singles of "Auld Lang Syne" would up a most pleasurable evening. The trip was under the auspices of the Engineers' (lub of this city.

RAILROAD INTERESTS.

OHIO RIVER RATES CUT AGAIN. Chicago, Sept. 29.-it is a lively passenger rate war that is now being waged by the Ohio River roads, and

than they were yesterday. The road is now informing The work of the last day of the convention began at 10 a. m. yesterday with the holy communion, celebrated by Bishop Potter, assisted by the Rev. Chicago and Chelmani, first-class, is \$11. And still part in the unpleasantness, but it is believed that this latest cut in the Nashville rate will bring it into the fight, because it will affect the rates to New-Orleans members of a diocesan convention.

"There are of every diocese and parish," he said, cago and the Ohio River it is compelled to divide the rate with the Evanville line. of which can be recorded here. We are not called upon to disparage those evidences of life and growth any of them. Apparently no real efforts are being which are a superior of the control of the contro

RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION.

Chicago, Sept. 29.-Railway construction has proceeded at a safe and moderate pace this year, and yet in almost every State and Territory new lines have been completed or begun. "The Railway Age," in its forthcoming issue, will say:

its forthcoming issue, will say:

Our returns show that during the nine months from January 1 to September 30 there have been 2,549 miles of main track had on 200 different lines in the United States, while a large amount of grading has been done on which the rails are yet to go down. There are in sight over 1,500 miles of road on which track is expected to be laid before the end of the year, so that we feel safe in repeating the estimate nade three months ago that the track-laying of 1802 will aggregate not far from 4,000 miles.

GEORGIA CENTRAL ARRANGEMENTS

The arrangements were completed yesterday by while take up the loan made by the Speyer syndicate to the Central of Georgia Railroad. Mr. Hollins is chair-Central of Georgia Railroad. man of the committee recently appointed by the Georgia Central directors to readjust the company finances and prepare it for organization. The Speyer syndicate agreed to transfer the loan to the Holik syndicate on October 8. The Hollins syndicate has waived the option in Georgia Central 5 per cent bends, which was one of the conditions of the Speyer loan.

CONSIDERING WORLD'S PAIR TRAFFIC.

The committees of the passenger departments of the Trunk Line Association, Central Traffic Association and New England roads spent vesterday in valuly discussing a definite plan for conducting the passenger traffic for the World's Fair at Chicago. Such a diversity of schedules were submitted and such strenuous arguments were advanced by the advocates of the different sy tems and routes tabt the meeting adjourned without action, beyond referring the matter back to the general committees of the several associations.

PROCEEDINGS AGAINST THE PORT READING.

Trenton, N. J., Sept. 29.-Attorney General Stockton ans filed in the Supreme Court Information in the nature of a quo warranto against the Port Reading Rallway Company. He alleges that the company for a year and ten months has been using, without war rant or charter, certain State franchises, as follows: Acting as a body corporate in law, fact and name: acting as such body to operate a railroad, and to issue capital stock to the amount of \$2,000,000, for all of which the Attorney-General asks due process of callings does not exist at all.

"It is not my custom to discuss cortemplated action law against the Port Rending Company. The court, and the process of the company of the

he State of Durango in less than ten days. the state of Durango at less than ten days. The en-tire line of the extension from Tordon to Durango is graded, bridged and the track laid and ready for service, with the exception of twelve miles from Chorro to Durango, which is ready for laying the rails.

A NEW EXPRESS COMPANY FORMED.

Denver, Col., Sept. 20.-The Globe Express Company been informally established and will about th beginning of next week be prepared for business. The company has not been incorporated yet, but will be in due time. The purpose of the new company, it is aid, is the absorption of the Denver and Rio Grand-Express Company, and it will also attempt to secure the contract now in force between Wells, Pargo & Co and the Santa Fe Road, which will expire February 2 1562.

___ NICKEL PLATE WILL NOT MEET THE CUT.

Chleago, Sept. 29.—Official notice has been given that the Nickel Plate will not meet the \$5 round-rip rat between Chicago and Buffalo, made by its competitors to punish it for making a \$7.50 rate for the National Convention of Real Estate Dealers. The Nickel Plate does no dare to make a lower rate than \$5, and it knows that at equal rates it cannot compete with the Michigan Central and Lake Shore.

END OF THE GERMAN CATHOLIC CONGRESS.

At the final meeting of the German Catholic priests at Newark yesterday, officers of the Priests' Associa-tion were elected as follows: President, H. Muhlslepen; vice-president, H. Meissner; secretary, J. N. Euziberger; corre-ponding secretary, W. Foerber; treasurer, J. Hoffmelster, Milwaukee, St. Louis and Chicago were named as places for the next congress, the executive committee to decide which should be selected. At pontifical mass in the inound be selected. At pontifical mass in the morning the Rev. Dr. Poole, of the Catholic University a Washington, preached the sermon. A dinner was given at 1:30 p. m. at Saenger Hall. About 200 persons were present, Bishop Wigger presiding.

ARTISTIC FURNITURE

FINE

need but examination to show that it is unapproachable is cheapness, assortment, elegance of design and thorough workmenship.

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FOR THE HIGHER CRITICISM.

STRONG WORDS FROM UNION SEMINARY.

DR. C. C. HALL, A DIRECTOR, SPEAKS FOR THE

BOARD AND TELLS MINISTERS THEIR DUTY. The opening exercises at the Union Theological Seminary were largely attended yesterday afternoon, many friends meeting with the directors, faculty and students in Adams Chapel. President Hastings es-certed the venerable president of the board of direc-tors, Charles Butler, to the platform. John Crosby Brown, the vice-president, and Dr. J. M. Ludlow, a fellow director, also occupied seats of honor. Other directors present included the Rev. Drs. Wilton Merle Smith, Charles Cuthbert Hall and William E. Dodge, who spoke, and Drs. E. L. Clark and D. R. Frazer. The faculty present were Dr. Phidip Schaff, Dr. G. L. Preutles, Dr. C. A. Briggs, Dr. Francis Brown, and the Rev. Messrs, C. R. Gillett, C. P. Fagnani and

President Hastings announced that as the membets of the faculty were to speak to the students at their devotional exercises to-day, it had been deemed wise to hear from the board of directors yesterday. Dr. Schaff had been expected to deliver the cannal address and had prepared it, but had been persuaded not to read it owing to his health. The entering class will be considerably larger than last Dr. Hastings then called upon Mr. Butler, who ex-tended a cordial welcome to the new students. For of directors, being the sole survivor of the board of directors, being the sole survivor of the founders of the seminary. John Crosby Erown, the second speaker, told the students to respect scholarship and de good to men. Dr. Smith, one of the youngest di-rectors, gave an interesting address, urging the stu-dents to live intensely spiritual lives, knowing more or the Holy spirit than of Hebrew. Mr. Dodge gave the young men some practical hints on the care of their health and on public speaking. The closing address was the counsel of the directors

to the students, and it was given by Dr. Hall, of the First Presbyterian Church, of Brooklyn, who said in

When I reflect upon Union's present and future mission my heart is glad of it, and my inter invol-intarily recalls that line in Dean Alford's great hymn, "Forward into light."

"Forward into light."

Like every other strong movement running counter of traditionalism, the movement with which Union seminary is identified involves difficulties which in themselves are very trying. Excitement has existed in the Church, and the directors and faculty have had their share or pressure to beat. But these disturbing conditions should be carefully differentiated from the essence of that work, which, we believe Union Seminary is called of God to accomplish in this generation and for the good of future time. What is the essence of that work! It is to stand for the higher criticism of the Holy Scripture and to maintain the right of instructing theological students in the progress of critical thought.

Three things are important:

here in large numbers.

Third, to show forth in personal life the spirit of Christ.

Third, to show forth in personal file the spirit of Christ.

Dr. schaff's address was entitled "Calvin and Servetus: the Champion of Orishdox Protestantism, and the Champion of Hereiteal Protestantism." After contrasting Calvin and Servetus, he followed out their respective lines of labor, and then showed how 'these intellectual glants were brought tragether in the drama of the Reformation." His conclusion as a Church historian is valuable: "In the Interest of Impartial history, we must condemn the intolerance of the victor as well as the error of the victim, and admire in both the loyalty to conscientions conviction. Heresy is an error; intolerance, a slu; persecution, a crime."

RISHOP HUGH MILLER THOMPSON'S SERMON.

On September 4 Bishop Hugh Miller Thompson de livered a sermon in Trinity Church, in this city, entitled "Work and Pay." This was delivered at the request of the Church Association for the Advancement of the Interests of Labor. The reporter who was sent to report this sermon for The Tribune declared, when he returned to the office, that Bishop Thompson had made some extremely sensitional statements in this sermon in regard to the relations of labor and capital, in relation to the system of Government in this country, and concerning the interests of labor generally. The reporter was cautioned t take the greatest pains in the preparation of his report, and not to write a word that would in any way disrepresent or exaggerate the utterances of the He wrote out his report, which he declared was prepared with great care from his notes, and truthfully represented exactly what the Bishop had

Rishop Thompson denies emphatically that this re-Dishop Thompson denies emphatically that this report was correct, or that the spirit or sentiment of his discourse was truly represented. Bishop Thompson has published this sermon from his own manuscript. This publication differs materially from the report published in The Tribune. Of course, The Tribune never intended to do any injustice to Bishop Thompson, and it is certain that the reporter who was sent to report the sermon did not latentionally misrepresent him, but as the report published in The Tribune differed seriously from the Bishop's manuscript, and as the Bishop insists that in delivering the sermon he did not depart materially from his manuscript, the reporter who made the incorrect report has been dismissed from the service of The Tribune.

EX-CONGRESSMAN JACOB BENTON KILLED. Lancaster, N. H., Sept. 29.-Ex-Congressman Jacob centon was thrown from his carriage at noon to-day, later. Mr. Benton was a member of Congress from the old IIId District in 1867-'69 for two terms. He was seventy-eight years old and lived in Lansster fifty years. His death from such a cause has shocked the entire community. His widow is a daughter of Neal Dow, of Maine.

THE SUCCESSOR TO CHIEF SWEENEY.

Dallas, Tex., Sept. 29.—Frank Sweeney, Grand Chief of the Switchmen's Mutual Ald Association, was defeated in the convention for re-election. George W. Wilson, of La Crosse, Wis., who served on the Excentive Board the past year, was elected in his stead after an exciting contest. Evansville, Ind., was se-lected as the place for the annual meeting.

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attention to the School as Visitor. Applications should be made to JULIA G. McALLISTER, Principal.

Twenty-ninth year begins October 4. Nos. 6, 8 and 10 East 53d-st.

THE NATIONAL CONSERVATORY OF MA OF AMERICA.

> 126 and 128 East 17th-st., New-York, WILL RE-OPEN Saturday, Oct. 1, et 9 a. m.

EDMUND C. STANTON, Secretary. THE PNEUMATIC TUBE SYSTEM

A PRELIMINARY REPORT BY THE COMMIS-

RECOMMENDATION TO ACCEPT AN OFFER TO PUT UP A TEST LINE IN PHILADELPHIA. Washington, Sept. 29.-The committee appoint by the Postmaster-General to examine into the sub-ject of a more rapid dispatch of mail matter between

large cities and postoffice stations in large cities by means of pneumatic tubes or other devices has submitted its preliminary report. The committee states that it would not be possible in the time allowed before the fall rains set in to make proper examination of all the systems proposed in the examination of all the systems proposed in the eight bids submitted; but inasmuch as one propo-sition has been made which is more favorable to the Department than any other, for the reason that alone offers in definite terms (and without obligation on the Government's part to purchase or rent). to give a specific service of a practical character within the near future, the committee deem it proper to make this particular proposition the subject of a preliminary report.

The offer of the Pneumatic Transit Company of New-Jersey is to put down in the streets of Philadelphia, between the postoffice and the East Chest-nut st. branch, pneumatic tubes to connect these two offices, without expense to the Department and without charge for a year's use of the same. This offer, the report says, is the best that has been received, and it is believed to be highly advantageous to the Department, because it will enable it to make an immediate and practical test of the pneumatic system. The committee therefore recommend a prompt acceptance of this offer that the test may be made without delay. The committee, however, do not wish to be understood as passing upon the merits of the system itself, that being a matter for future consideration.

The committee also express the hope of effecting an arrangement similar to the one recommended, with some one of the other companies whose propositions were received, whereby, simultaneously with the beginning of the Philadelphia test, a tube system may also be established in Washington between the Pretoffice Department and the city postoffice. The recommendation of the committee has been accepted by the Postmaster-General, and the Preumatic Transit Company of New-Jersey has been so informed. without charge for a year's use of the same.

THE NEW RETURN POSTAL CARDS. THEY WILL BE PUT ON SALE OCTOBER 15-DE-SCRIPTION OF THE DESIGNS. Washington, Sept. 20 .- About the 15th of next month

the new return postal-card will be placed on sale at all postofices. The two designs, one for the domestic and the other for the International Postal Union service, have been approved by Postmaster-General Wanamaker, and the work of printing and distributing the maker, and the work of printing and destroying the cards will be pushed with vigor. The half of the double card containing the message to which a reply is desired is 31-2 inches wide by 51-2 inches long. At the top of the card and a little to the left of the centre are engraved in three lines, one above the other, the words, "Portal Card with Paid Reply. United States of America," and in smaller type, "This side is for address only." In the right-hand upper corner is States of America," and in smaller type, "This side is for address only." In the right-hand upper corner is a vignette of General Grant encircled by a frame bearing at the top the legend "Message Card," and at the bottom "One Cent." At the lower left-hand corner are the words "Detach Amexed Card for Answer." The whole is inclosed in a tasteful border. The face of the return card, in general effect, is similar to the message card. Instead, however, of the words "Postal Card with Paid Reply" at the top of the card, are the words "Reply Postal Card." Over the vignette of General Grant the words "Reply Card" are substituted for "Message Card."

The international card is somewhat smaller than that for domestic use. In the border at the top of the card appear the words "Postal Card with Paid Reply," and their French translation, "Carte Postale Avec Response Payes." A design at the top of the card contains the words "Universal Postal Union" and "United States of America," With their French equivalents. A liberty head occupies the right-hand upper corner with the legend "Two Cents," in all other essential particulars the domestic and the international cards are similar. Black lok will be used on both. The message card and the cards for reply form one piece of cardboard folded together, and creased on a line between the two, where they are